Perceptual phase entrainment to speech rhythm in the absence of spectral energy fluctuations



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1 INTRODUCTION

- Recent studies reported phase entrainment of neural oscillations to the rhythm of speech, aligning high excitability phases with informative features [1,2], thereby improving intelligibility [3,4].
- However, in speech, phonetic information generally covaries with spectral energy fluctuations.

Does perceptual sensitivity truly align to fluctuations in phonetic information (a high-level process), or merely to the rhythmic changes in spectral energy (a low-level process)?

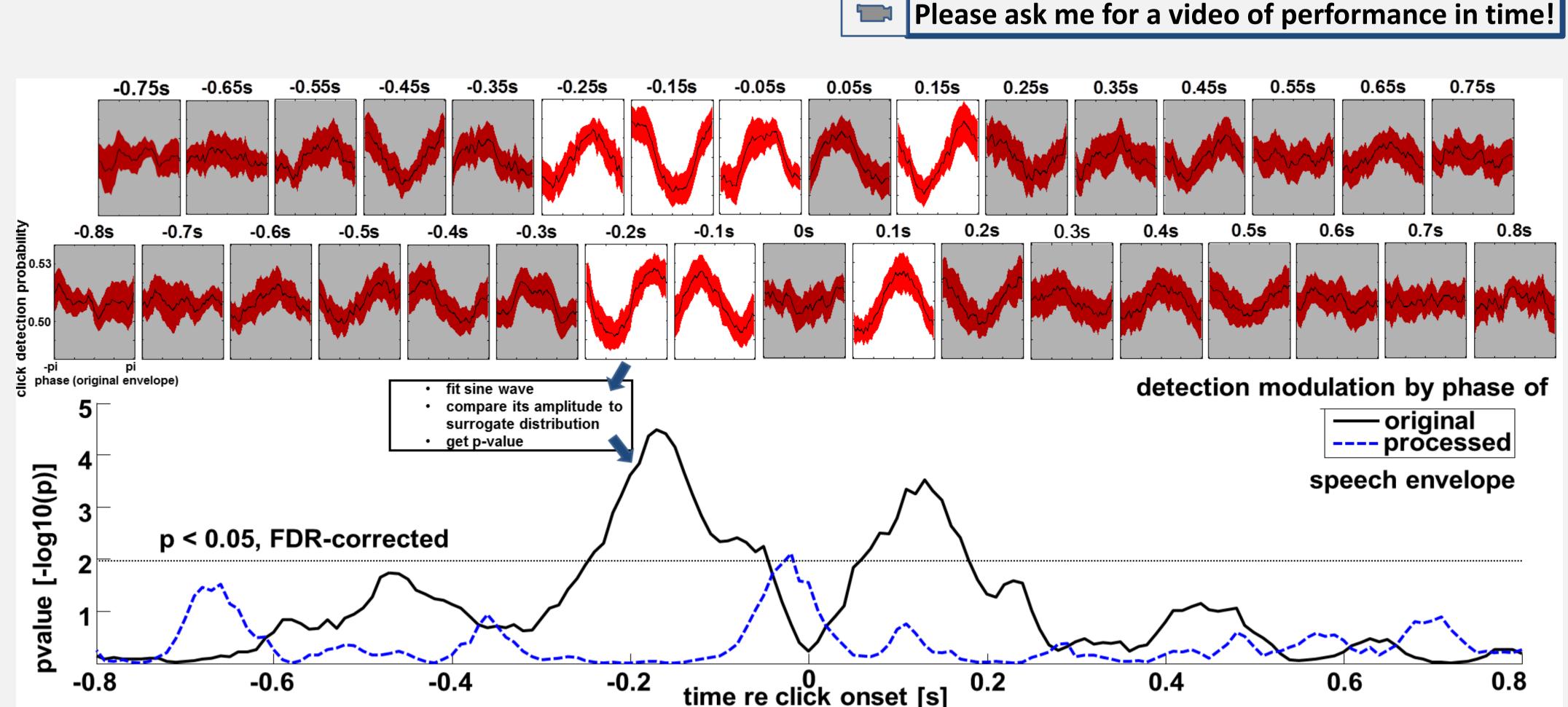
We disentangled these alternatives by constructing speech/noise stimuli whose spectral energy is statistically comparable over time but which remain intelligible.

- Phonetic information still fluctuated at ~2-8Hz, providing means for phase entrainment.
- Entrainment was assessed by the probability of detecting a click at random moments during our stimuli (10 subjects).

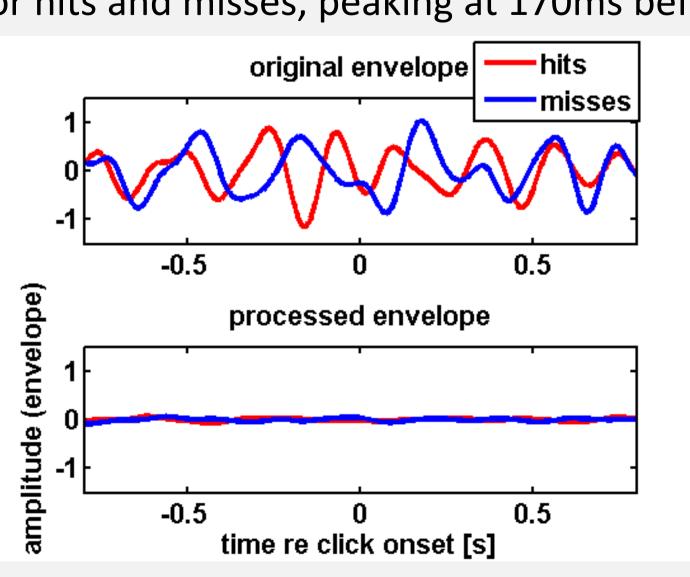
A dependence of click detection on the original speech envelope would indicate high-level phase entrainment.

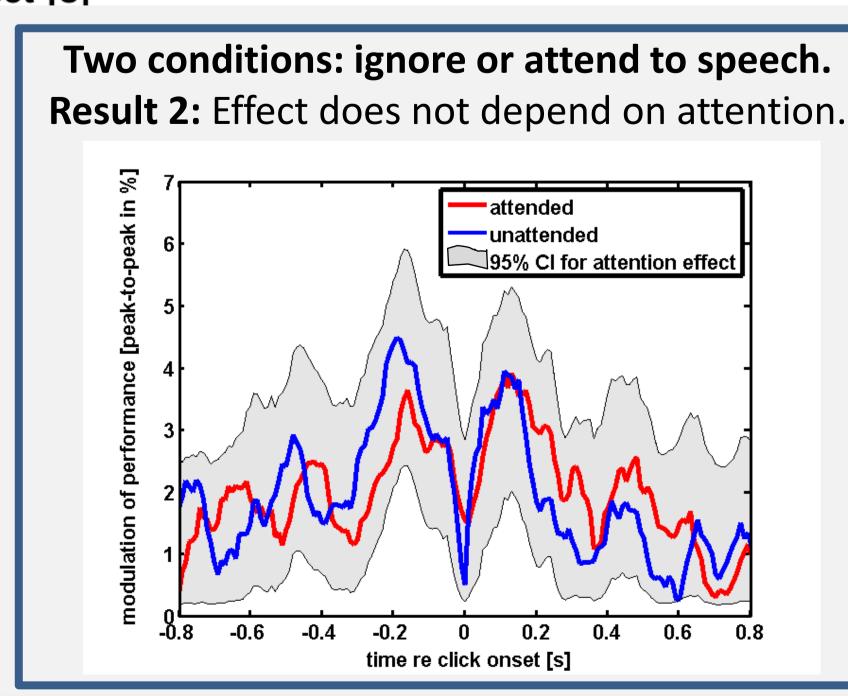
3 RESULTS

Result 1: We never present the original speech snippet, but only the processed version with time-constant spectral energy. Yet, before and after click onset, click detection co-varies with the phase of the original speech envelope.

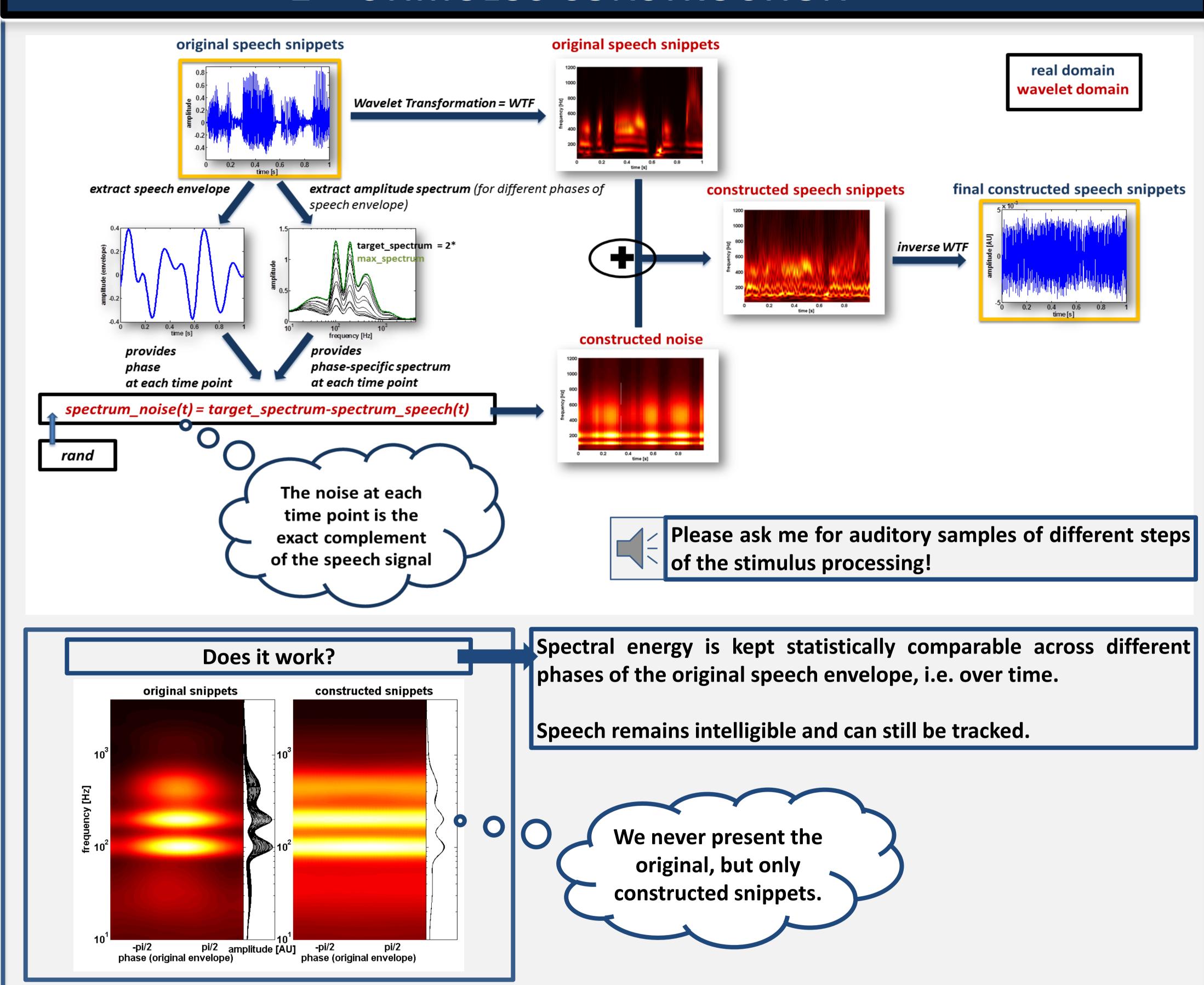


Mean envelope of original (but not processed) snippets shows phase opposition for hits and misses, peaking at 170ms before the click.





2 STIMULUS CONSTRUCTION



4 DISCUSSION & CONCLUSION

We show for the first time that phase entrainment to speech is possible without fluctuations in spectral energy.

- Supports the notion of auditory 'sampling' as a high-level process [5].
- Entrainment was found for one cycle of speech envelope only: Might reflect the need for flexible sampling in the auditory system [5].

5 REFERENCES & ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

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