

HOW TO

SURVIVE

IN

LYON

FIRST, BOOK A HOTEL IN

ADVANCE!!!

<u>Cercle Villemanzy</u>*** Montée Saint Sébastien 69001Lyon Tel: 04 72 00 19 00

Studio prices (little kitchen indoor):

Single 75 €

Double 87 €

Transport:

Between two tube stations called Croix Paquet and Croix rouse

2. <u>Hotel du Simplon</u>**

11 rue Duhamel 69002 Lyon Tél : 04.78.37.41.00 <u>Studio prices :</u> Single 53 € Double 63 euros <u>Transport :</u> Between two tube stations called Perrache and Ampère





3. Hotel Berlioz **

12 cours Charlemagne 69002 Lyon Tél: 04.78.42.30.31

Studio prices :

Single : 75-110 € Double : 75-125 €

Transport :

Close to the Perrache train station which also is a tube station

4. Hotel Axotel Perrache ***

12 rue Marc Antoine petit 69002 Lyon Booking on line Studio prices :

Single 75€ Double 85 €

Transport :

Close to the Perrache train station which also is a tube station

5. Best Western Lyon St Antoine***

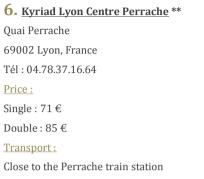
1, rue du Port du Temple 69002 Lyon, France Tél: 04.78.92.91.91 Price : Single : 72-110 € Double : 82-130 € Transport : Between two tube station called

Cordelier and Bellecour











23 place Bellecour 69002 Lyon, France Tél: 04.78.37.39.64 Price : Single : 119 € Double : 169 € Transport : Close to the tube station Bellecour.

8. Hôtel du Dauphin**

9 rue Victor Hugo 69002 Lyon, France Tél: 04.78.37.18.34

Price :

Single : 59 € (if you book on line) to 89 € Double : 89 €(if you book on line) to 99 €

Transport :

Close to the tube station called Bellecour on the tube line « D »





7. Hôtel Bayard Bellecour**

on the tube line « D »

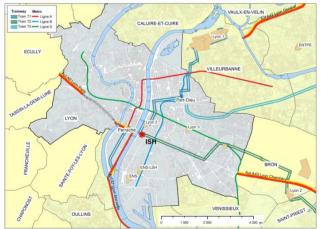
WHERE IS THE I.S.H BUILDING

Addresses

14-16 avenue Berthelot 69007 Lyon

www.ish-lyon.cnrs.fr and http://www.ish-lyon.cnrs.fr/Presentation/Contacts_fr.php





) Gérald Foliot - Institut des Sciences de l'Homme

Source : Communauté urbaine de Lyon - droits réservés

<u>THEN, MAKE IT TO THE I.S.H</u>

BUILDING

Arriving from the airport:

There is a tram every 15 minutes (30 minutes max.) between Lyon center of town and Saint Exupery airport that takes less than 30 minutes and runs every day between 5:0 am and 12:00 pm. http://www.rhonexpress.fr/. This tram takes you to/ can be taken at Part-Dieu train station.

Arriving from north of France by car: The freeway A6 comes directly to Lyon and then to the center.

Arriving by train from the Lyon Part-Dieu station: By tube (B) and tram (T1), approximately twenty minutes to the ISH.

Arriving by train from the Perrache station: By tram (T2), approximately five minutes to the ISH (1 station).

Arriving by train from the Jean Macé station By tram, approximately five minutes to the ISH (1 station).

WHEN YOU'RE IN LYON, MAKE

YOUR WAY THROUGH THE

NUMEROUS RESTAURANTS

1. <u>Gourmet restaurants</u>

Le Bec et Taka ** 14 rue Grolée 69002 Lyon Tel: 04 78 42 15 00 Tube A, Cordeliers The Young chief, Nicolas le Bec, does deserves the two star Michelin ranking he has. This is probably one of the best places to eat in Lyon. The perfectness of the art with which he cooks is no longer a question of debate. The place is modern, sober and stylish, the cooking is simply outstanding. Service is excellent though discreet.

Christian Têtedoie* 54 quai Pierre Scize 69005 Lyon Tel: 04 78 29 40 10 Tube D, Vieux Lyon In this ideal place and its unmistakable view, Christian Têtedoie –a one star Michelin chief- cooks delicious meals from products that are in season. The character of the place is modern though warm and welcoming. Menus are wonderful and inventive, and the prices go from $56 \in to 78 \in$.

Les terrasses* Montée Saint-Barthélemy 69005 Lyon Tel: 04 72 56 56 02 Tube D, Vieux Lyon This one star Michelin restaurant, hitched on the Fourvière hill, has one of the most perfect views of Lyon. The service is courteous and shows careful consideration for every client. The perfect marriage of flavours is just impossible to describe but will bring joy to everyone around the table.

2. <u>Typical french « brasserie »</u>

Brasserie Le Nord Bocuse 18 rue Neuve 69002 Lyon Tel: 04 72 10 69 69 Tube A, Cordeliers Service is flawless and fluent. With its stained glasses and wooden walls, the place is designed to create a warm atmosphere that reminds us of the beginning of the 20th century. The cooking is traditional but still subtle.

Brasserie Georges 30 cours Verdun Perrache 69002 Lyon Tel : 04 72 56 54 54 Tube A, Perrache La brasserie Georges is surprisingly wide. The beautiful dining room was built in 1836. It's a nice place, welcoming and lively where you can enjoy traditional regional dishes served in large proportions with reasonable prices.

Brasserie Le Sud Bocuse 11 place Antonin Ponce 69002 Lyon Tel: 04 72 77 80 00 Tube A, Bellecour This nice ambiance is popular with guest. The wonderful vaults, the house made of stone, the walls covered with warmly coloured lime, all of it is wonderful. The subtle and original flavours really throw light upon the wonders of south of France regional cooking.



3. Traditional regional cooking in Lyon

Le bistro de Lyon 64 rue Mercière 69002 Lyon Tel : 0478384747 Tube A, Cordeliers This much known restaurant takes place « rue Mercière », one of the streets of Lyon the more crowded with restaurants. On all the chairs and sofas, famous people that came by wrote their names right on the wood or the fabric. The fine menu is perfectly well balanced between traditional cooking and subtle

flavours. Waiters are welcoming and they'll tell you about the history of the place.

Le Mercière 56 rue Mercière 69002 Lyon Tel : 0478384747 Tube A, Cordeliers Also situated in « rue Mercière », this is one of the famous « bouchons » that made the city famous for its traditional regional food. The food is excellent and flawless, the character of the place is authentic, everything just seems to justify the fact that Lyon was called a paradise for gourmets.

<u>Chez Abel</u> 25 rue Guynemer 69002 Lyon Tel: 04 78 37 46 18 Tube A, Ampère Victor Hugo

Chez Abel is one of the more popular café-restaurant in Lyon. The character of the place is cosy, the food is perfect, -Chez Abel- is one of the best bouchons in Lyon, and the prices really are reasonable.

4. <u>Traditional foreign restaurants</u>

Thẻ'-Van 6 rue Passet 69007 Lyon Tel : 04 72 71 33 64 Tube D, Guillotière You can enjoy this traditional Vietnamese cooking in a quiet atmosphere where everything seems as subtle as the food and as silent as the waiters. Definitely one of the best places in town where you can find Asian food.

Pizzeria Carlino 15 rue de l'Arbre Sec 69001 Lyon Tel: 04 78 28 03 18 Tube D, Hôtel de Ville This is very well-known Italian restaurant was made famous by the quality of its food and the delicious taste of its traditionally baked pizzas. The place is nice and welcoming, and the paintings of the ceiling are wonderful.



BE AWARE OF WHAT TRADITIONAL REGIONAL DISHES ARE MADE OF

Lyon is blessed with a rich culinary history that made the city famous all over the world. Such dishes as Lyon's sausage, quenelle and tripe have become part of Lyon's history and cultural background.

Typical Lyon's restaurants are called « bouchons ». They're the city's unique version of the bistro and own their virtuosity from the quality of local products.

In case you wanted to experiment this traditional regional cooking, this will help you make your way through the immense variety of products and dishes.

MAIN DISHES

<u>Saucisson</u>: a large, thick French sausage, typically firm in texture and flavoured with herbs. It can be eaten hot or cold, often sided with potatoes.

Le tablier de sapeur: triangular piece of tripe that was previously drowned in wine for a few hours before being briefly cooked in a pan.

Les grattons: pig fat first panned then dried, served in small pieces or as "amusebouches" which means a small savoury item of food served as an appetizer before the meal.

Les quenelles: one of the most famous and most classical regional dishes. It looks more or less like a white sausage but it's made of a very subtle mix of corn, milk and eggs to which can be added other items such as meat.

La crique: typical regional omelet made out of mashed potatoes.

La soupe, à l'oignon: onion soup mixed with the yellow part of an egg and served with a piece of bread.

La cervelle de canut: special creamy cheese that looks more like cream than like cheese (called "fromage blanc" in French) first mixed with fresh cream, olive oil and vinegar to which are added garlic and herbs and white wine.

DESSERTS

Bugnes: a delicious desert which recepy comes from medieval times. It's like a "beignet", which means a square of fried dough you eat hot and sprinkled with icing sugar.

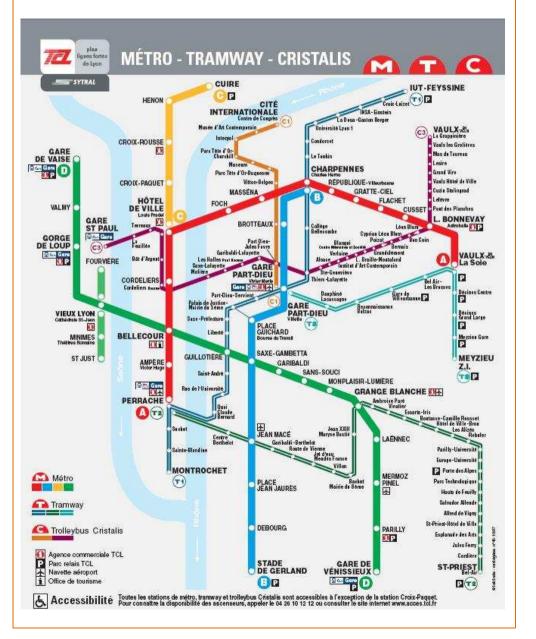
<u>La tartelette aux pralines</u>: small tart with special pink pralines from Lyon. You'll also find those same pralines in small pieces of bread called brioche.

Cocons and coussins de Lyon: delicious union of cacao and almond paste.

Les papillotes: chocolate wrapped in paper where you can find small jokes.



DON'T FORGET THE TUBE MAP



PREPARE YOURSELF TO VISIT

LYON



« The fate of Lyon is as complicated as the fate of the river. Every city, no doubt, is a complicated thing. Lyon probably even more than another, for it strikes the historian by its sudden changes, its original sides or its oddities. The city changes from a century to another, switching from a way to surprise visitors to another. »



Find all information on the city website http://www.lyon.fr/vdl/sections/fr/cd

THE PLACES YOU HAVE SEE IF YOU COME TO LYON

The Hotel de Ville

This building is situated between two squares called "place des terreaux" and "place de la comédie". It faces the theatre (opera in French). It was built by Simon Maupin in 1646 but was partially destroyed by fires and by revolution. Therefore, it was rebuilt in 1852 by Tony Desjardins.

The square Place des Terreaux

At the center of the square you can find an allegorical fountain made by Bartholdi. This fountain was originally designed for another town, Bordeaux. Following the universal exposition of 1889, this piece of art had become too expensive for Bordeaux and was therefore bought by the mayor of Lyon in 1990. At the beginning, the northern limit of the square matched the old town boundaries and a small part of the river. This part of the river was filled up with layers of earth. This explains the name of the square which literally means "the earth square".

The square Place Bellecour

It's the widest square in Lyon, and the fourth widest in France. It's also the widest square in Europe designed to pedestrian only. At the center you can find a statue showing one of the most famous kings of France: Louis the fourteenth.





<u>Fourvière</u>

The first piece of the building was built during the 12th century and was for the Virgin Mary. In 1852, the church was made bigger and a big golden statue of Mary was added to it. Those changes were made because of a tradition: some people from Lyon had made the vow to come back every year to Fourvière if the city was protected from wars and diseases. The basilica was therefore built in order to thank Mary for protecting Lyon. Since then, in remembrance of the way Mary protected Lyon, people always celebrate "la fête des lumières" on the 8th of December (the day the church was inaugurated). It literally means "the light celebration": they put small



candles on their windows. There were two principals architects to the basilica project: Pierre Bossan and Marie Perrin.

Cathédrale Saint Jean

The construction of the cathedral began during the 12th century. The stones came from different places, from old roman constructions to the hill of Fourvière and were shaped by workers in front of the cathedral, in the square. It is both gothic and roman in style.



Le Parc de la Tête d'or

This very wide park is one of the most famous in France. One can enter it by seven different gates the most famous of which is "La



porte des enfants du Rhône". This beautiful gate opens on a lake that is at the center of the design of the park. The



remarkable and romantic lawns are sometimes interrupted in their wideness by beautiful old trees that were here for centuries. The flowers always give a

colored touch to the striking composition. The park is open to visitors for free.

Musée des Beaux-arts



This museum is situated at the center of the town, and was originally an abbey. You can find there one of the biggest art collection in France which illustrates history of art from antic Greece to nowadays.



The contemporary museum of art

This museum designed by Renzo Piano is situated near to the Tête d'Or park and is part of the "cite nationale". Since it's opening, the museum presented temporary expositions designed in collaboration with the artists involved. Thanks to its walls that can be changed or taken off, the museum constantly changes from one exposition to an other.

Contact

81 Quai Charles de Gaulle Cité internationale 69006 Lyon



Le Rhône et la Soane

The Rhône River

This river begins 1753 meters high in Switzerland. It crosses the Leman Lake before coming to France and throwing itself into the Mediterranean Sea. Being long 812 kilometers, it's the most powerful of all the French rivers.



The Saone River

It's a river from east of France, and it's one of the main rivers that make the Rhône.

It was named this way by one of the ancient Celtic tribe that lived on the city area



<u>La Presqu'ile</u>





All the special places you still have to discover

- 1. What we call "Presque île" ("nearly island" literally translated) is a part of the city enclosed by the two main rivers. It's the center of the city and one of its most beautiful parts. With its numerous restaurants and pubs (particularly in "rue mercière"), it's shops (rue Edouard Herriot, rue de la République, rue Victor Hugo), "la presqu'ile" is one of the nicest places to wander around.
- 2. The « traboules » are something very particular you'll only find in Lyon. They are part of what makes the old city mysterious and famous. Behind the doors of the old city house are small ways that allows you to go from one street to another. They're just like hidden corridors. During World War II, they helped people to escape the police. Officers couldn't understand why the people they were following simply disappeared!
- 3. « La Part-Dieu » is a famous mall, filled with various shops, restaurants, fast foods and even a cinema.
 It's in the center of the business area in Lyon, near the train station.
- 4. You cannot leave Lugdunum without visiting this district in which people from the silk factories used to leave. It's called "Croix Rousse" and it's also filled with traboules. It's one of the liveliest areas in town. If you want to go out during the evening, it will give you a good idea of what it feels like to live in Lyon.

